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Instructions for use

Histamine Research ELISA ™

REF BA E-5800

96

+2 +8 °C

RUO For Research use only- Not for use in diagnostic procedures

Histamine Research ELISA

1. Intended use and principle of the test

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantitative determination of Histamine in different animal species and biological fluids.

During the sample preparation Histamine is quantitatively acylated. The subsequent competitive ELISA kit uses the microtiter plate format. The antigen is bound to the solid phase of the microtiter plate. The acylated standards, controls and samples and the solid phase bound analyte compete for a fixed number of antiserum binding sites. After the system is in equilibrium, free antigen and free antigen-antiserum complexes are removed by washing. The antibody bound to the solid phase is detected by an anti-rabbit IgG-peroxidase conjugate using TMB as a substrate. The reaction is monitored at 450 nm.
Quantification of unknown samples is achieved by comparing their absorbance with a reference curve prepared with known standard concentrations.

2. Advice on handling the test

2.1 Reliability of the test results

In order to assure a reliable evaluation of the test results it must be conducted according to the instructions included and in accordance with current rules and guidelines (GLP, RILIBÄK, etc.). Special attention must be paid to control checks for precision and correctness during the test; the results of these control checks have to be within the norm range. In case of significant discrepancies between the pre-set assay characteristics of this test and the actual results please contact the manufacturer of the test kit for further instructions.

2.2 Complaints

In case of complaints please submit to the manufacturer a written report containing all data as to how the test was conducted, the results received and a copy of the original test printout. Please contact the manufacturer to obtain a reclamation form and return it completely filled in to the manufacturer.

2.3 Warranty

This test kit was produced according to the latest developments in technology and subjected to stringent internal and external quality control checks. Any alteration of the test kit or the test procedure as well as the usage of reagents from different charges may have a negative influence on the test results and are therefore not covered by warranty. The manufacturer is not liable for damages incurred in transit.

2.4 Disposal

Residual substances and/or all remaining chemicals, reagents and ready for use solutions, are special refuse. The disposal is subject to the laws and regulations of the federation and the countries. About the removal of special refuse the responsible authorities or refuse disposal enterprises inform. The disposal of the kit must be made according to the national official regulations. Legal basis for the disposal of special refuse is the cycle economic- and waste law.
The appropriate safety data sheets of the individual products are available on the homepage. The safety data sheets correspond to the standard: ISO 11014-1.

2.5 Interference

Do not mix reagents and solutions from different lots. Consider different transport and storage conditions. Inappropriate handling of test samples or deviations from the test regulation can the results affect. Use no kit components beyond the expiration date. Avoid microbiological contamination of the reagents and the washing water. Consider incubation periods and wash references.

2.6 Precautions

Observe the incubation periods and washing instructions. Never pipette by mouth and avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin. No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where samples or kit test tubes are handled. When working with kit components or samples, always wear protective gloves and wash your hand thoroughly as soon as you have finished the work. Avoid spraying of any kind. Avoid any skin contact with reagents. Use protective clothing and disposable gloves. All steps have to be performed according to the protocol. Optimal test results are only obtained when using calibrated pipettes. Sodium azide could react with lead and copper tubes and may form highly explosive metal azide. When clearing up, rinse thoroughly with large volumes of water to prevent such formation.

All reagents of this testkit which contain human or animal serum or plasma have been tested and confirmed negative for HIV I/II, HbsAg and HCV by FDA approved procedures.
All reagents, however, should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.

3. Storage and stability

Store the reagents at 2 - 8 °C until expiration date. Do not use components beyond the expiry date indicated on the kit labels. Do not mix different lots of any kit component within an individual assay.

4.1 Contents of the kit

BA D-0024	REAC-PLATE	**Reaction Plate**	1 x 96 Wells	ready for use
BA D-0090	FOILS	**Adhesive Foil**	1 x 4	ready for use
BA E-0030	WASH-CONC 50x	**Wash Buffer Concentrate**	1 x 20 mL	concentrate, dilute content with dist. water to a final volume of 1000 mL
BA E-0041	DILUENT	**Diluent**	1 x 22 mL	ready for use
BA E-0055	SUBSTRATE	**Substrate**	1 x 12 ml	ready for use, containing a solution of TMB
BA E-0080	STOP-SOLN	**Stop Solution**	1 x 12 ml	ready for use, containing 0.25 M H_2SO_4
BA E-1031	HIS	**Histamine Microtiter Strips**	1 x 96 Wells	12 strips, 8 wells each, break apart, precoated
BA E-1001	STANDARD A	**Standard A**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1002	STANDARD B	**Standard B**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1003	STANDARD C	**Standard C**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1001	STANDARD D	**Standard D**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1005	STANDARD E	**Standard E**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1006	STANDARD F	**Standard F**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1051	CONTROL 1	**Control 1**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-1052	CONTROL 2	**Control 2**	1 x 4 ml	ready for use
BA E-5810	HIS-AS	**Histamine Antiserum**	1 x 12 ml	from goat, ready for use
BA E-1011	ACYL-BUFF	**Acylation Buffer**	1 x 4 mL	ready for use
BA E-1012	ACYL-REAG	**Acylation Reagent**	3 x 1.25 mL	lyophilized
BA E-5840	CONJUGATE	**Histamine Enzyme Conjugate**	1 x 12 ml	ready for use, anti-goat IgG conjugated with peroxidase
BA R-0075	ACYL-DILUENT	**Acylation Diluent**	1 x 4 mL	ready for use

4.2 Additional materials and equipment required but not provided in the kit

- Calibrated variable precision micropipettes (e.g. 10-100 µL /100-1000 µL)
- Microtiter plate washing device
- ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm and 620 or 650 nm
- Shaker (shaking amplitude 3mm; approx. 600 rpm)
- Absorbent material (paper towel)
- Distilled water
- Vortex mixer

5. Sample collection and storage

The kit was validated for EDTA –plasma from different animal species. In principle other sample types than plasma are also suitable but have to be tested in advance. For cell culture supernatants the use of the ELISA BA E-1700 (Histamine ELISA $^{Fast\ Track}$) is recommended. For more details please contact your local supplier or the manufacturer directly.

In general haemolytic and lipemic samples should not be used with this assay.
Storage of plasma samples: up to 6 hours at 2 - 8°C; for longer periods (up to 6 months) at - 20°C.
Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

6. Test procedure

The following protocol for rat plasma samples should be used as a guideline and is suitable for animal species where high Histamine concentrations are expected. In such cases, the samples have to be prediluted with the Diluent (BA E-0041). In cases, where low concentrations are expected, no sample predilution will be necessary.
The following concentrations were detected with the Histamine Research ELISA in different animal species:

Animal species	Concentration (ng/mL)
Mouse	22.9
Rat	20
Cat	1.1
Dog	0.3
Horse	0.6

Allow all reagents to reach room temperature. Duplicate determinations are recommended.

6.1 Preparation of reagents

Wash Buffer
Dilute the 20 mL Wash Buffer Concentrate with distilled water to a final volume of 1000 mL.
Storage: up to 6 months 4–8°C

Acylation Diluent
The Acylation Diluent has a freezing point of 18.5°C. To ensure that the Acylation Diluent is liquid when being used, it must be ensured that the Acylation Diluent has reached room temperature and forms a homogeneous, crystal-free solution before being used. Alternative the Acylation Diluent can be stored at room temperature (20 – 25°C) separate from the other kit components

Acylation Reagent
Reconstitute each vial with 1.25 mL Acylation Diluent.

The Acylation Reagent has to be prepared freshly prior to the assay (not longer than 1 hour in advance). If more than 1.25 mL is needed, pool the contents of 2 or 3 vials and mix thoroughly.

6.2 Sample Predilution

1.	Pipette **10 µL** of the sample into an Eppendorf tube or similar device.
2.	Add **200 µL** of **Diluent**.
3.	Vortex for 1 min. at RT (20-25°C).
	25 µL of the prediluted sample are needed for the subsequent acylation step.

6.3 Sample preparation and acylation

1.	Pipette **25 µL** of **standards**, **controls** and **plasma samples** into the respective wells of the **Reaction Plate.**
2.	Add **25 µL** of **Acylation Buffer** to all wells.
3.	Add **25 µL** of **Acylation Reagent** (refer to 6.1*)* to all wells.
4.	Incubate for **1 hour** at **RT** (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
5.	Add **200 µL** of **distilled water** to all wells.
6.	Incubate for **30 min.** at **RT** (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
	Take **20 µL** of the acylated standards, controls and samples for the Histamine ELISA

6.4 Histamine ELISA

1.	Pipette **20 µL** of the **acylated standards, controls** and **samples** into the appropriate wells of the **Histamine Microtiter Strips**.
2.	Pipette **100 µL** of the **Histamine Antiserum** into all wells.
3.	Shake the **Histamine Microtiter Strips** briefly by hand and cover strips with **Adhesive Foil**. Incubate for **15 – 20 hours** at **2 – 8 °C**.
4.	Remove the foil. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and **wash** each well **4 times** thoroughly with **300 µL Wash Buffer**. Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
5.	Pipette **100 µL** of the **Enzyme Conjugate** into all wells.
6.	Cover plate with **Adhesive Foil** and incubate for **1 hour** at **RT** (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
7.	Remove the foil. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and **wash** each well **4 times** thoroughly with **300 µL Wash Buffer**. Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
8.	Pipette **100 µL** of the **Substrate** into all wells and incubate for **20-30 min** at **RT** (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm). ***Avoid exposure to direct sun light!***
9.	Add **100 µL** of the **Stop Solution** to each well and shake the microtiter plate to ensure a homogeneous distribution of the solution.
10.	**Read** the absorbance of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to **450 nm** with a reference wavelength between 620 nm and 650 nm.

7. Calculation of results

	Concentration of the standards					
Standard	**A**	**B**	**C**	**D**	**E**	**F**
Histamine (ng/mL = µg/L)	0	0.5	1.5	5	15	50
Histamine (nmol/L)	0	4.5	13.5	45	135	450
Conversion:	Histamine (ng/mL) x 9 = Histamine (nmol/L)					

The calibration curve is obtained by plotting the absorbance readings (calculate the mean absorbance) of the standards (linear, y-axis) against the corresponding standard concentrations (logarithmic, x-axis).
Use a non-linear regression for curve fitting (e.g. spline, 4- parameter, akima).

Controls:
The concentrations of the **controls** can be read directly from the standard curve.

Samples:
For this example (rat plasma) a sample pre-dilution of 1:21 was used. Therefore the concentrations read from the standard curve have to be **multiplied by 21.**
In general, if the samples have been pre-diluted, the concentrations read from the standard curve have to be multiplied by the dilution factor to get the final results. If no pre-dilution was necessary the final result could be read directly from the standard curve.

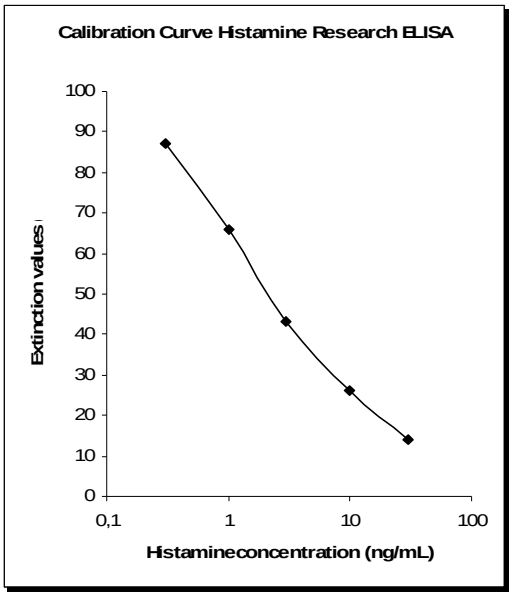
7.1 Quality control
It is recommended to use control samples according to state and federal regulations. Use controls at both normal and pathological levels. The kit, or other commercially available, controls should fall within established confidence limits. The confidence limits of the kit controls are printed on the QC-Report.

7.2 Calibration
The binding of the antisera and the enzyme conjugate and the activity of the enzyme used are temperature dependent, and the extinction values may vary if a thermostat is not used. The higher the temperature, the higher the extinction values will be. The extinction values also depend on the incubation times. The optimal temperature during the Enzyme Immunoassay is between 20-25°C.

In case of overflow, read the absorbance of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 405 nm

7.3 Typical calibration curve

Example, do not use for calculation!



8. Assay characteristics

Analytical Sensitivity (Limit of Detection)	**Histamine**	
	Plasma	0.2 ng/mL

Analytical Specificity (Cross Reactivity)	**Substance**	**Cross Reactivity (%)**
		Histamine
	Histamine	100
	3-Methyl-Histamine	0.1
	Tyramine	0.01
	L-Phenylalanine	< 0.001
	L-Histidine	< 0.001
	L-Tyrosine	< 0.001
	Tryptamine	< 0.001
	5-Hydroxy-Indole-Acetic Acid	< 0.001
	Serotonin	< 0.001

Recovery and Linearity for different animal species (plasma samples):

Species	Recovery	Linearity
Mouse	Regression: y=0.8x+0.7 R2=0.99 Mean recovery: 97 % SD=8.2; CV=8.5	Regression: y=0.9x+0.6 R2=0.99 Mean linearity: 115 % SD=15.0; CV=13.0
Rat	Regression: y=0.8x+0.7 R2=0.99 Mean recovery: 86 % SD=6.1; CV=7.1	Regression: y=0.9x+0.1 R2=0.99 Mean linearity: 100 % SD=15.5; CV=15.4
Cat	Regression: y=0.7x+0.1 R2=0.9 Mean recovery: 88 % SD=14.4; CV=16.3	Regression: y=0.9x+0.2 R2=0.98 Mean linearity: 104 % SD=18.1; CV=17.3
Dog	Regression: y=0.7x+0.1 R2=0.96 Mean recovery: 82 % SD=8.1; CV=9.9	Regression: y=1.1x+0.1 R2=0.99 Mean linearity: 115 % SD=15.7; CV=13.6
Horse	Regression: y=0.9x-0.7 R2=0.98 Mean recovery: 82 % SD=7.9; CV=9.6	Regression: y=0.9x-0.2 R2=0.98 Mean linearity: 75 % SD=10.2; CV=13.6

For current literature, information about clinical significance or any other information please contact your local supplier.

Symbols:

+2 +8 °C	Storage temperature		Manufacturer	Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests
	Expiry date	LOT	Batch code	I V D	For in-vitro diagnostic use only!
	Consult instructions for use	CONT	Content	CE	CE labelled
	Caution	REF	Catalogue number	RUO	For research use only!